Lessons Learned from Applying PSM to Systems Engineering

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> SOFTWARE PRODUCTIVITY CONSORTIUM

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Approach

- What are systems?
- What is Systems Engineering?
- Selection of PSM
- PSM Measurement Process
- General Modifications
- Language Barriers
- Bridging the Gap
- Summary



What are systems?



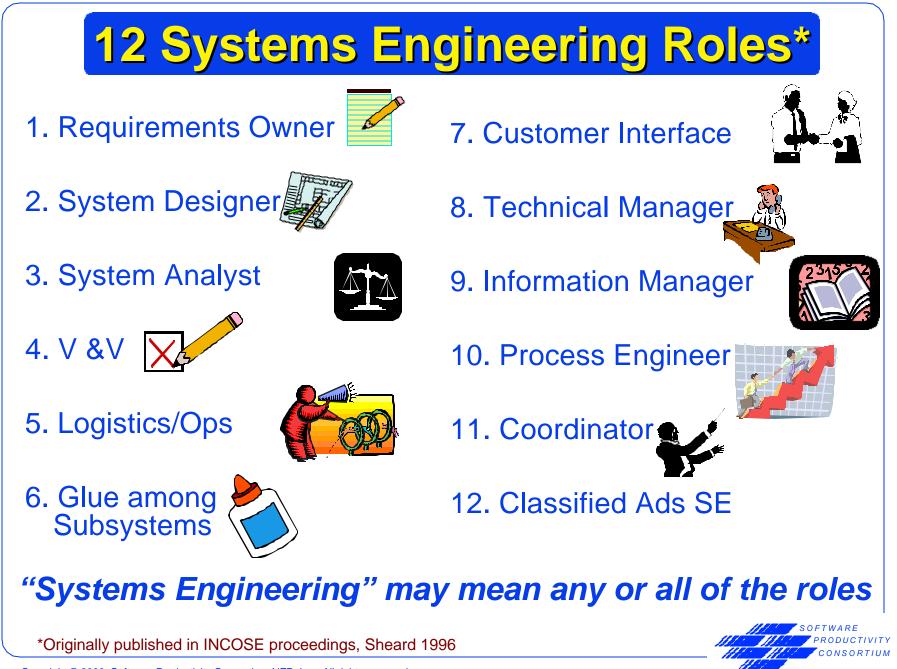
System Examples

- Command and control system
- Distributed classroom system
- Telecommunications network
- Radar system
- Service request system
- Photocopier
- Aircraft
- Home security system
- Internet access systems (ISP)



What is 'Systems Engineering'?





Selection of PSM

Need for measurement

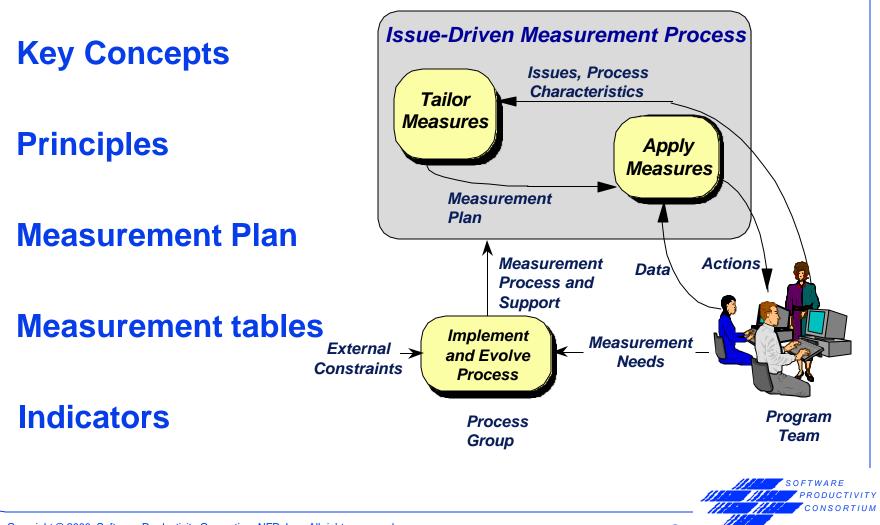
- Customer required
- Systems engineering maturity models
- Corporate directives for performance measurement

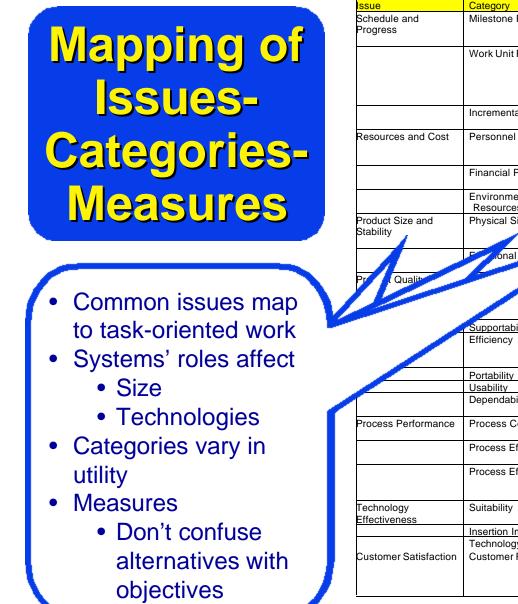
Existing measurement guidance

- Metrics Guidebook for Integrated Systems and Product Development (INCOSE)
- Various domain-specific guidance
- Practical Software Measurement



PSM Measurement Process



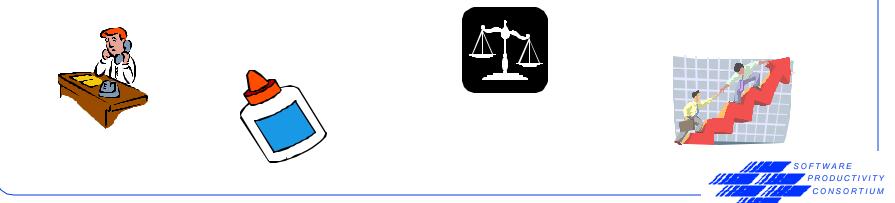


ssue	Category	Common Measures
Schedule and	Milestone Performance	Milestone Dates
Progress	Milestone Fenomance	Schedule Dependencies
		Critical Path
	Morte Linit Dromanoo	
	Work Unit Progress	Requirement Status
		Problem Report Status
		Reviews Completed
		Change Request Status
		Component / Element Status
	Incremental Capability	Incremental Content - Component / Element
		Incremental Content - Functionality
Resources and Cost	Personnel	Effort
		Staff Profile
		Staff Turnover
	Financial Performance	Earned Value
	Financial Fenomiance	Cost
	Frankrauter d Oth	
	Environment and Other	Resource Availability
	Resources	Resource Utilization
Product Size and	Physical Size and Stability	Database Size
Stability Pr t Qualit		Components / Elements
		Interfaces
	Jonal Size	Requirements
		Change Requests
	ectness	Problem Reports
		Defects
		Achieved Accuracy in Performance (Technical
		Performance Measures)
	Quene este hilitar	
	Supportability	Recovery Times
	Efficiency	Utilization
		Throughput
		Timing
	Portability	Open Systems Compliance
	Usability	Operational Errors
	Dependability	Failures
		Fault Tolerance
Process Performance	Process Compliance	Reference Model Level
		Process Audit Findings
	Droppon Efficiency	
	Process Efficiency	Productivity
		Cycle Time
	Process Effectiveness	Effectiveness of Process Tasks
		Rework Size
		Rework Effort
echnology	Suitability	Requirements Coverage
Effectiveness		
	Insertion Impact	Quantitative Impact of New Technology
	Technology Volatility	Releases or Revisions
Customer Satisfaction		
	Customer Feedback	Survey Results
		Performance Award
		Commendations / Complaints



General Modifications

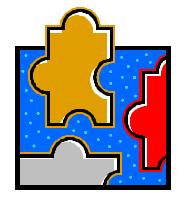
- Candidate measures may have limited applicability
- Revisit and tailor Measurement Specification
 tables
 - Selection and specification guidance
- Different systems engineering roles effects the prioritization of issues



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Language Barriers

- Project focus
- 'Software' usage
 - For example, "the software project manager uses the measures to make informed decisions"
- Inability to avoid usage of 'metric'
- Training examples (SLOC)

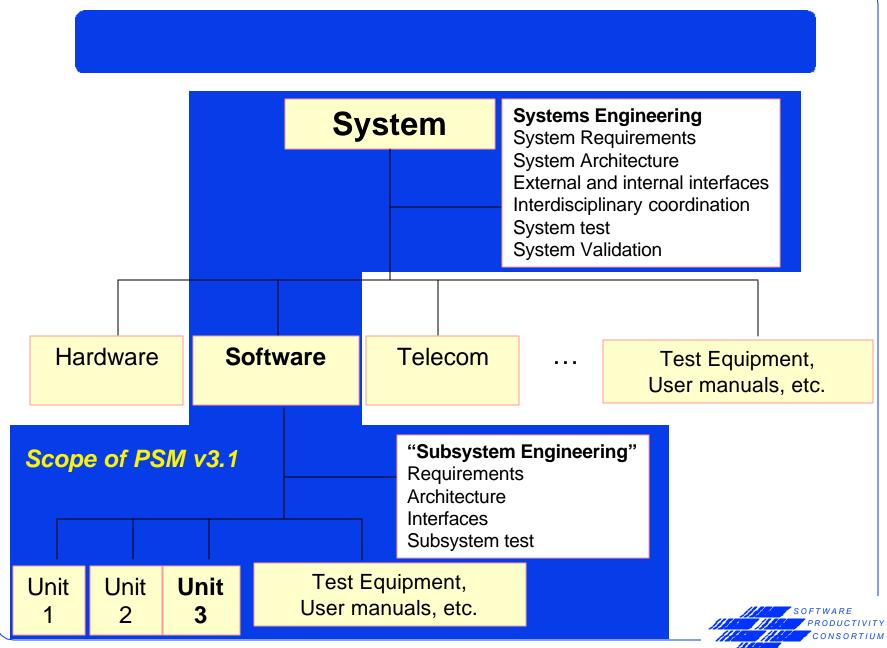




Bridging the Gap

- PSysM IPT chartered to integrate systems in 1996
 - Partnership between INCOSE MWG and PSM
- PSM became Practical Software and Systems Measurement last year
- PSM Guidebook version 4.1 includes systems





Summary

- Systems engineering roles drive issues
- PSM is a solid measurement process
- Application of PSM to systems requires acknowledgement of PSM Scope (Softwareintensive-systems)
 - Domain characteristics beyond software are not present
- Language barriers may hinder buy-in
- Devil is in the details, a comprehensive systems ICM table may be either too generic or overly cumbersome



Questions & Comments

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