

Introduction to Context-based Measurement

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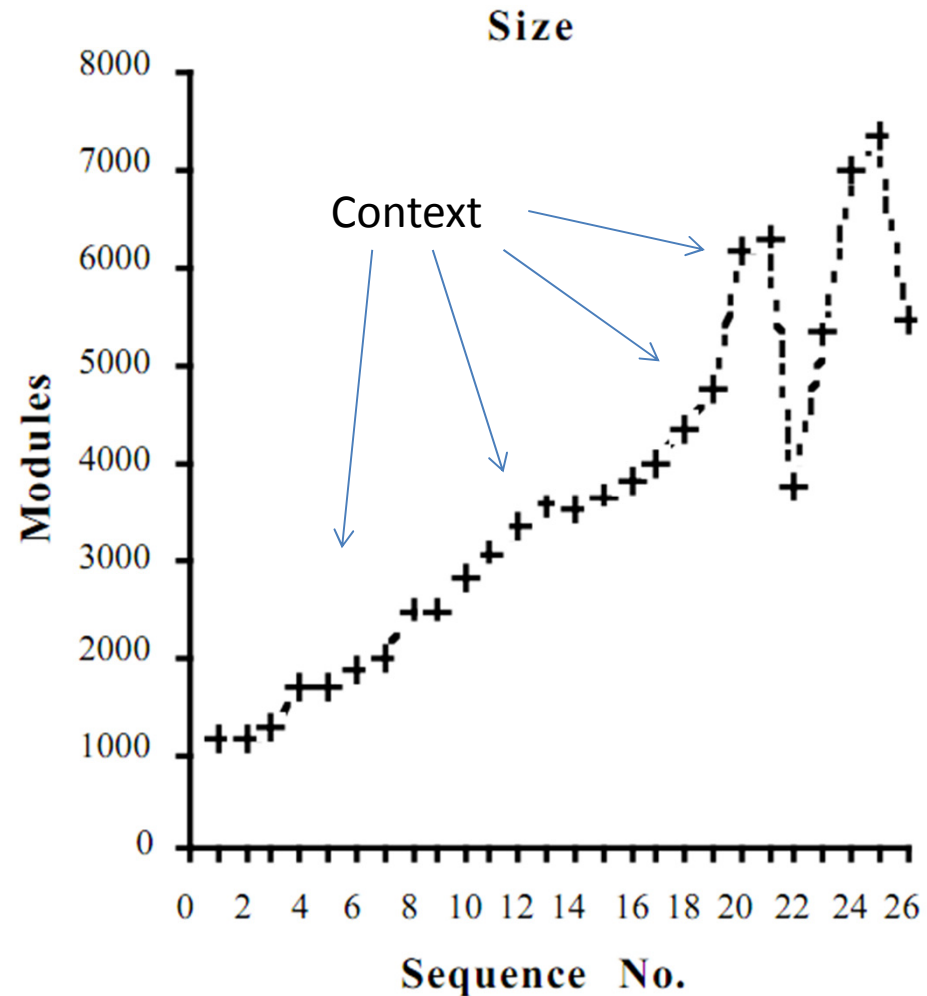
Content is King
...but Context is the Kingdom.

(Anon.)

The Value of Context

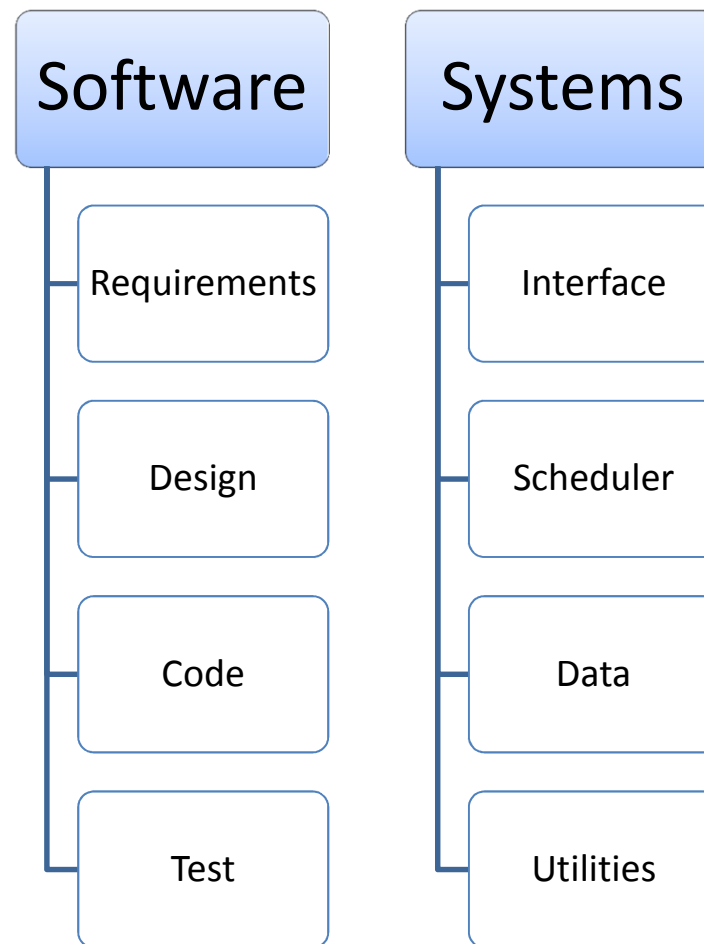


Prof. Manny Lehman's 8th Law:
*"E-type evolution processes constitute **multi-level, multi-loop, multi-agent feedback systems** and must be treated as such to achieve significant improvement over any reasonable base"*

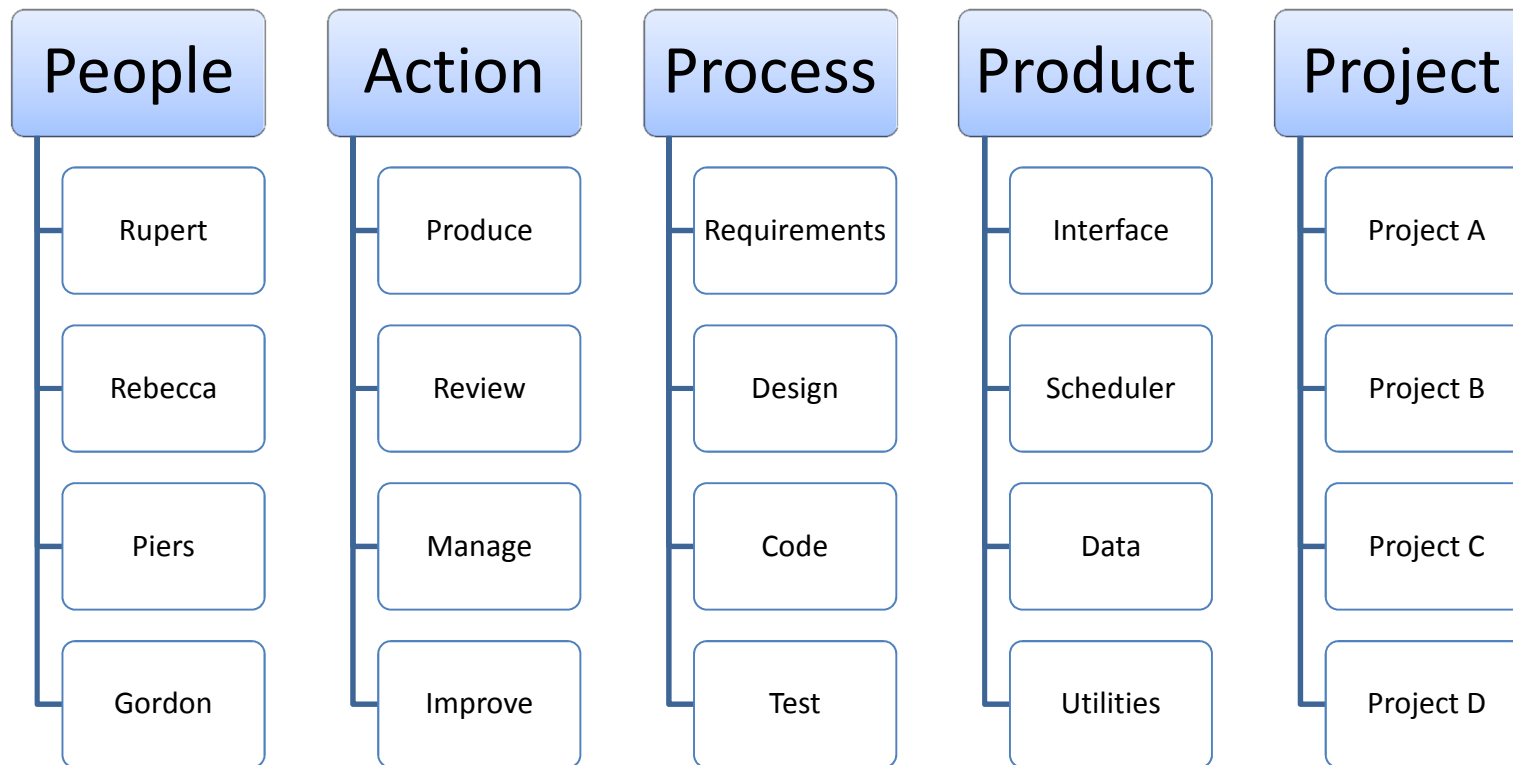


Source: M M Lehman, *Laws of Software Evolution Revisited*, LNCS 1149, Springer Verlag, 1997, pp. 108-124

Work Breakdown Structures



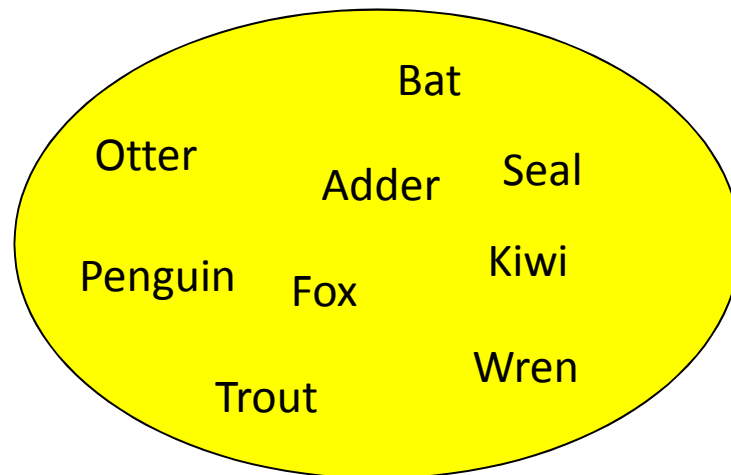
Generic Work Breakdown Structures



4^5 combinations = 1024 elements on your WBS!

Some Problems of Hierarchies

- Most things can be classified in more than one way.
- Most organizational systems do not handle this well.
- Simple example: Animal Classification

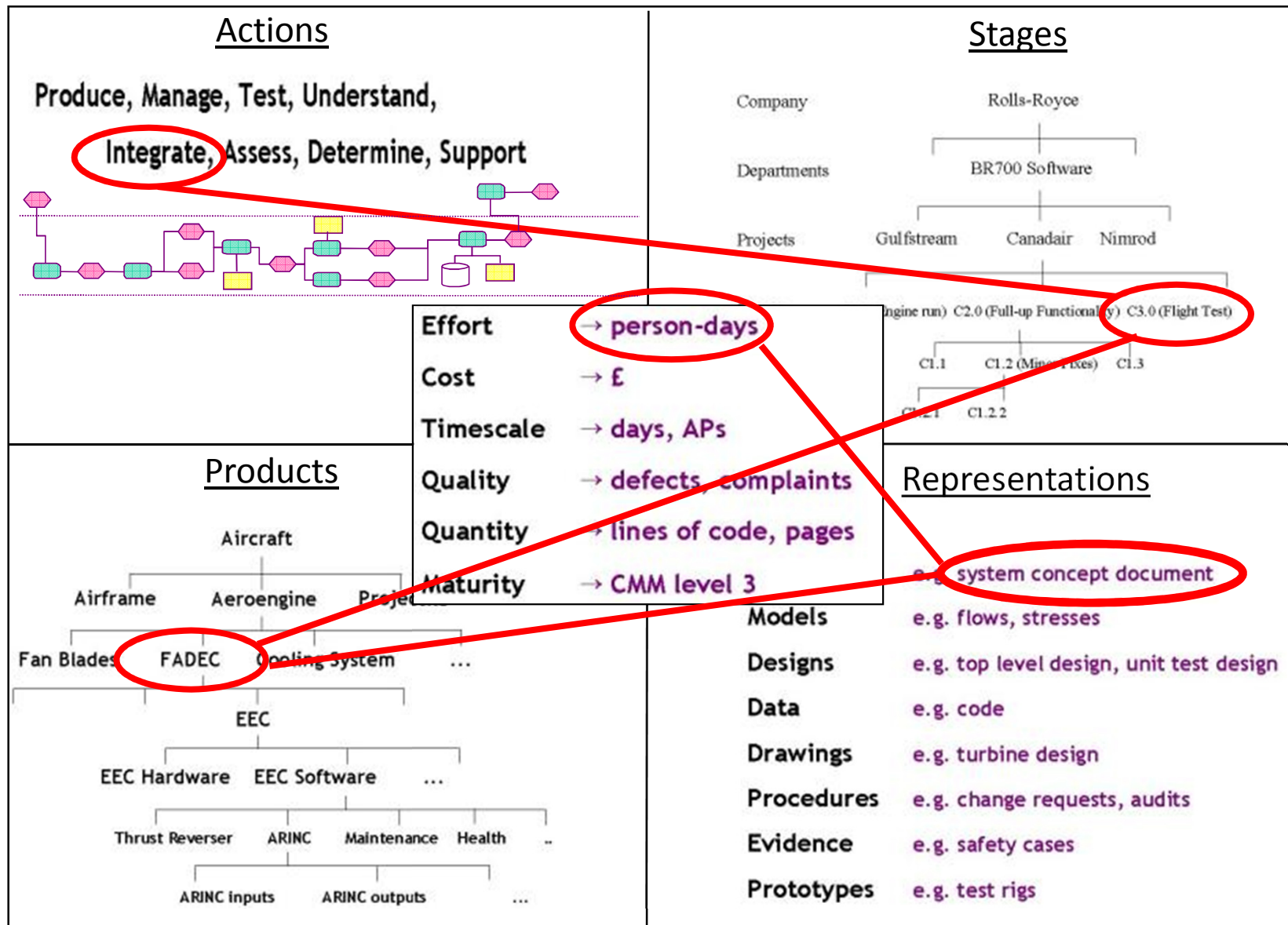


<u>Skin Covering</u>	<u>Locomotion</u>	<u>Diet</u>
Fur	Fly	Fish
Scales	Run	Rodents
Feather	Swim	Insects

Main Ideas



- Principles
 - Connections between things are articulated in language
 - We use language to reveal, express, and design, structure
- For example
 - An engineer might describe their work as a phrase
 - *“I spent 10 hours to produce the design for the user interface on project A”*
 - And a manager might ask:
 - *“How much effort do we spend producing, reviewing and reworking the user interface?”*
- Likewise they may describe the context of any measure
 - size, defects, reliability, competence, capability, methods, etc.



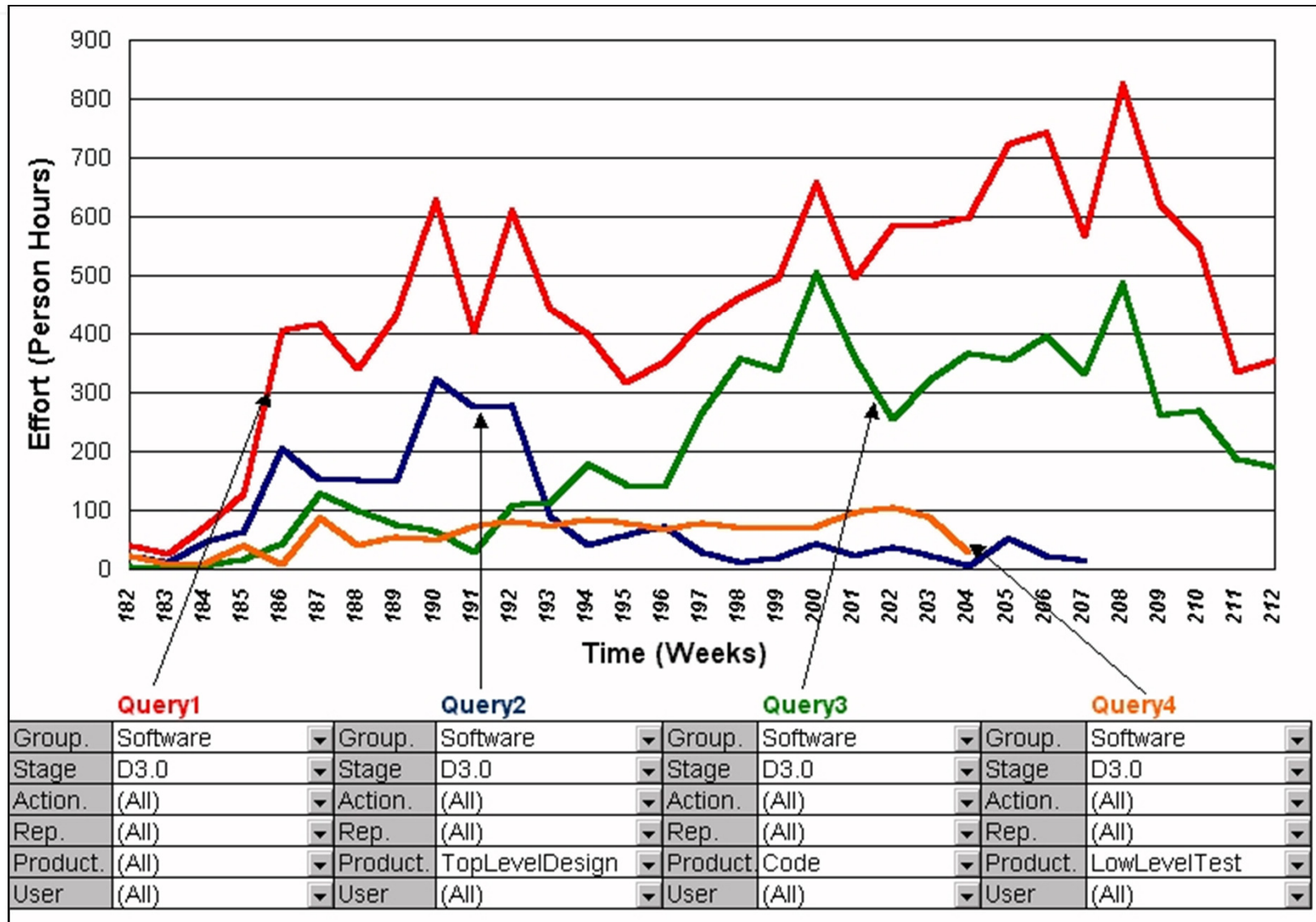
Engineer records: "I took **4 hours** to **Integrate Delivery C3.0 FADEC System Concept Doc**

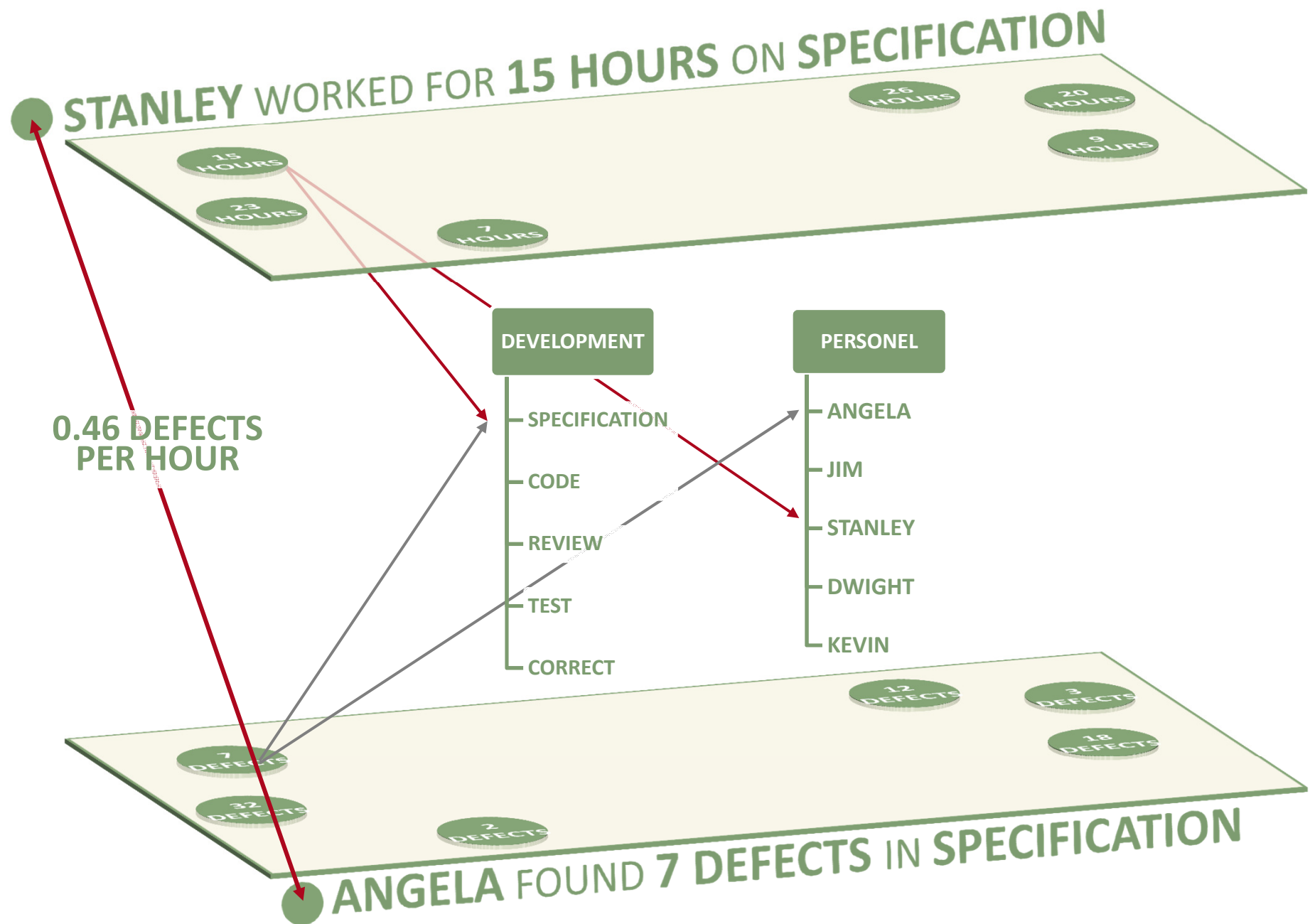
Manager asks: "What was the total **effort** used to **Produce** the **FADEC**?"

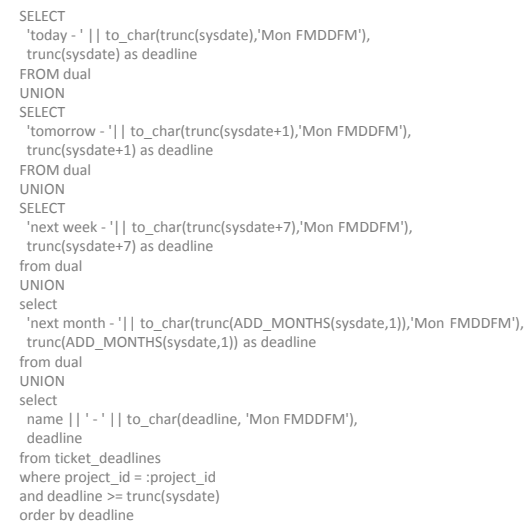
If...



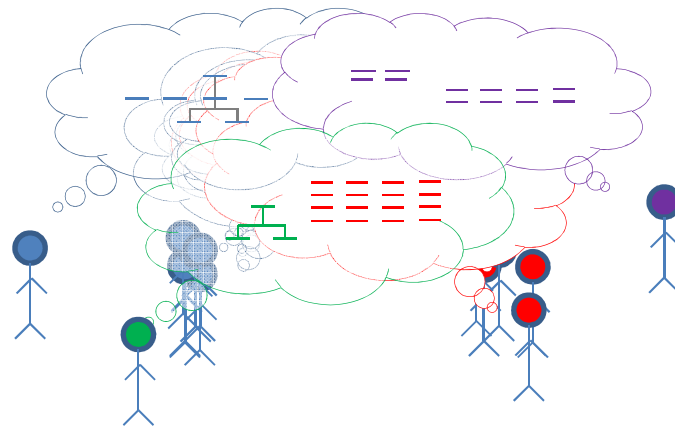
Simple Example – Effort Analysis



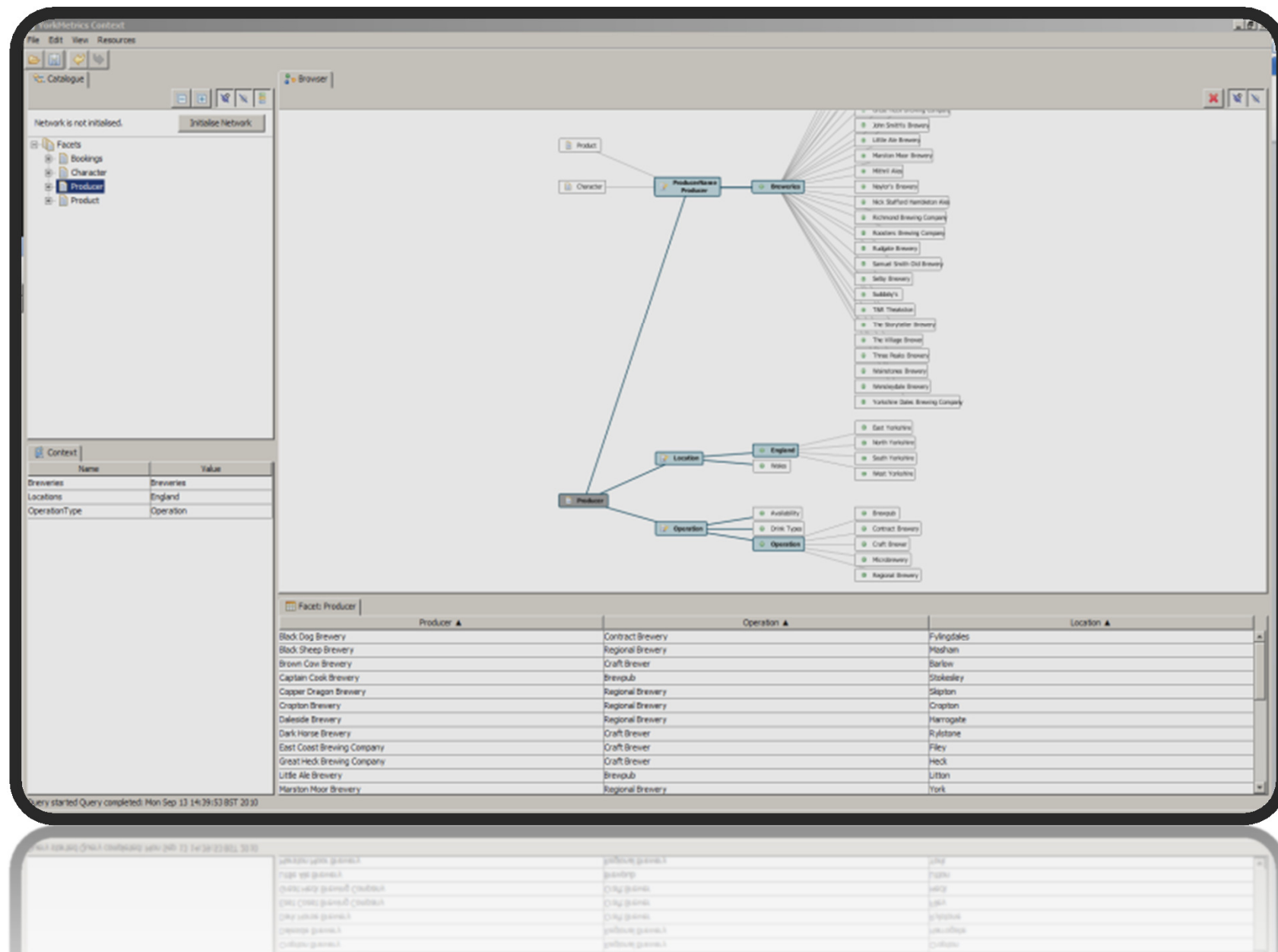




Our Approach



Context (CTX) Alpha



Beer Example

Simple non-software example to illustrate the approach...

Producer Grammar

- The <Producer> is a <Operation> located in <Location>
- “The *Black Sheep Brewery* is a *Contract Brewery* Located in *Masham*”

Product Grammar

- <Producer> produces <Drink> called <Label> is a <Style> rated at <ABV> ...
- “*Black Sheep Brewery* produces *Beer* called *Black Sheep Ale* is a *Ale* rated at *4.4 ABV*”



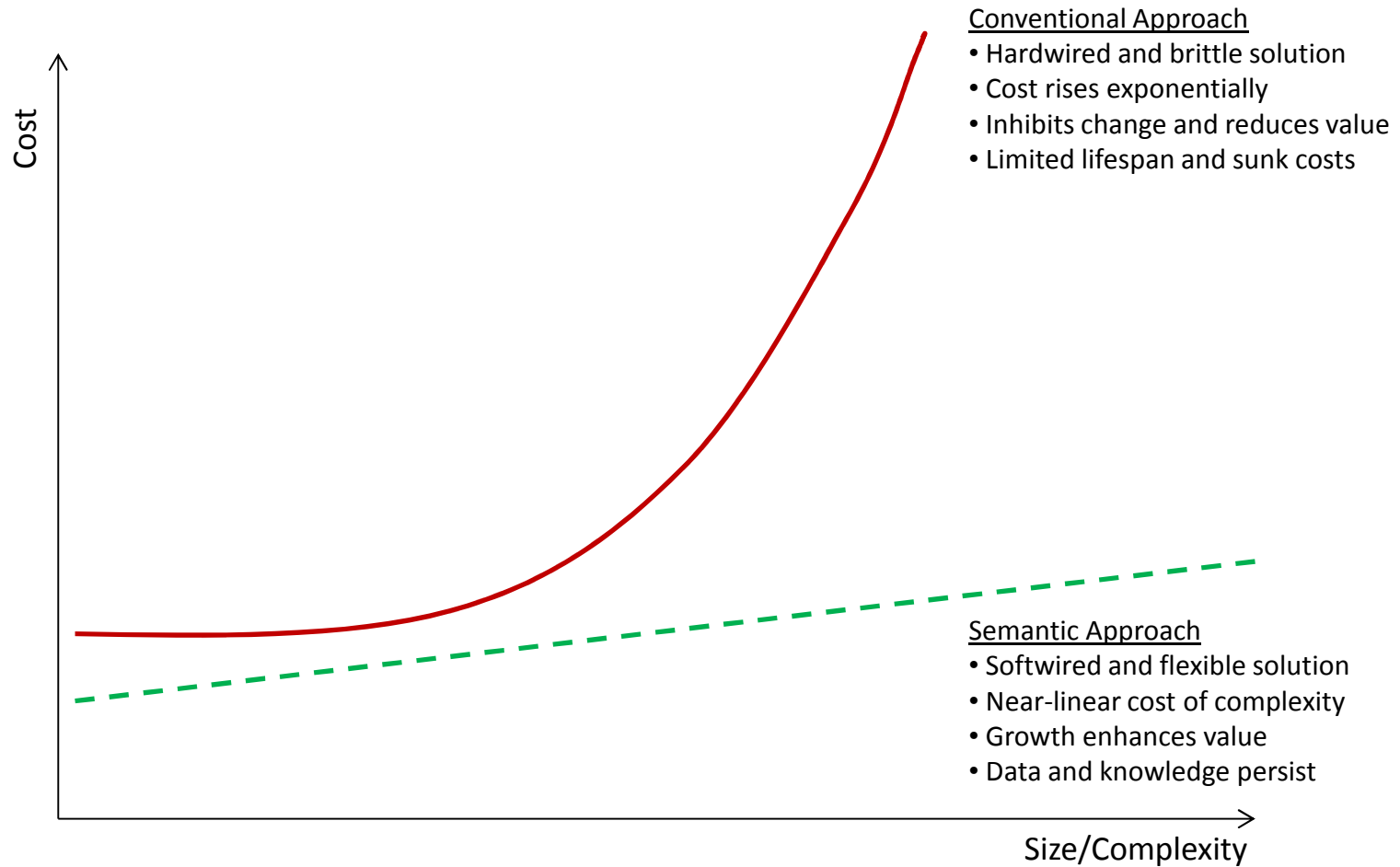
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Source via: <http://herdingcats.typepad.com>

What Type of Problems?

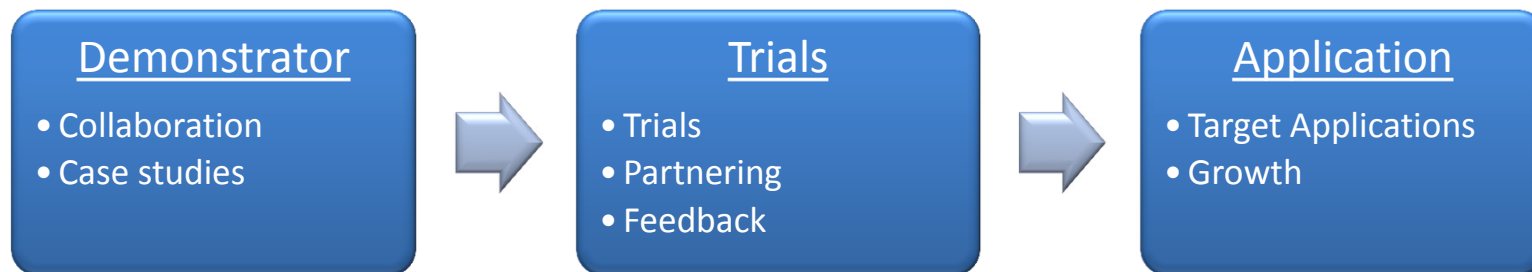
- Type of Problems
 - Multi-faceted data with many interdependencies and viewpoints
 - Emergent information needs driven by user-value
 - Information missing, unaffordable, unspecifiable, unlocatable, not visible
 - Coordination across people and organisational boundaries
- Examples
 - Evidence and measures
 - progress, milestones, maturity, performance
 - quality, safety, compliance, issues
 - uncertainty, opportunity, risk, mitigations
 - benefits, affordability, targets
 - Capabilities, competencies, skills, expertise, learning
 - Organisation, roles, responsibilities

The Benefits Case



Conclusions & Next Steps

- Context-based Measurement uses semantics to support rich multi-faceted analysis to maximise emergent value from our data.



- Can we share contextual metadata in order to achieve greater understanding and insight?

Any Questions?

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Critical Review of Methods and Technology

- Review conducted by Professor Richard Paige:
 - *“The YM method provides a particularly novel approach to data modelling that goes far beyond basic relational calculus and querying via SQL statements. It also **goes beyond state-of-the-art modelling technology**, particularly Eclipse/EMF, in its support for flexible querying.”*
 - *“Another innovation of the YM approach is its **coherent approach to modelling**: all modelling features and query features are integrated, contained within the same framework”*
 - *“Perhaps the most important novelty of the technology is its **conceptual coherence** – that is, there is a single piece of technology that supports the methodology. This should be compared with traditional modelling approaches that require a number of technologies – modelling, validation, graphical UI, querying, transformation – to support many of the same capabilities as YM’s technology”*
 - The YM approach has **substantial technical benefits** based on its use of multi-faceted data, pre- and post-coordination, its **flexible approach to managing change**, and its conceptual coherence.